## Everpresent Lambda:

(astro-ph/0209274)

"Why Now?"

&

Quantum Cosmology

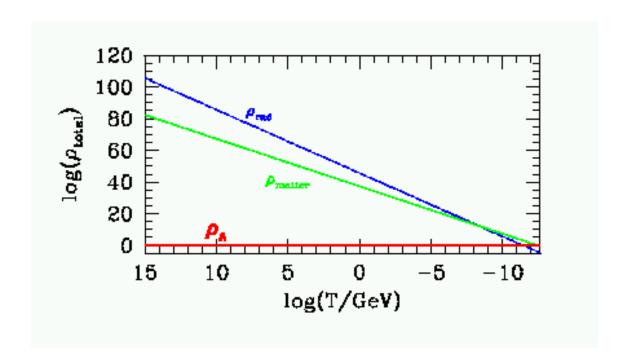
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## Two Cosmological Constant Problems:

- I. Naturalness: Why is  $\Lambda \ll M_p^4$ ?
- II. Cosmic Coincidence: Why Now?



#### Solution: ∧ is Always Important!

Sorkin's Conjecture (1987): Lambda fluctuates and is  $O(H^2)$  at every epoch.

This is not compatible with standard GR. His conjecture follows from two aspects of causal set theory: Discrete analogs of Lorentzian manifolds and Unimodular Quantum Gravity.

#### Causal Set Theory

- Causal sets ("causets") combine notions of discreteness and order to form a structure on which to found quantum gravity.
- A Lorentzian manifold can be constructed from causal ordering (light-cones) and volume measure  $d^4x\sqrt{-g}$ .  $\rightarrow$  causets are a discrete analog.
- A Lorentzian manifold corresponds to a certain class of causets. A causet can be constructed from a given manifold through "Poison sprinkling".

### Unimodular Gravity (UG)

Vary the Einstein-Hilbert action

$$\frac{1}{2} \int d^4x \sqrt{-g}R \tag{1}$$

subject to the constraint that  $\sqrt{-g} = 1$ .

Implement by introducing a Lagrange multiplier term

$$\int d^4x \sqrt{-g} \Lambda \equiv \Lambda \mathcal{V} \tag{2}$$

and making arbitrary variations of the metric.

UG is classically equivalent to GR. Quantum mechanically, however, they are very different.

W-D: 
$$H\Psi = 0$$

S-U: 
$$H\Psi = i\partial_{\mathcal{V}}\Psi$$

GR gives the Wheeler-deWitt eqn. UG gives the Sorkin-Unruh eqn.

#### **∧** Fluctuations

We expect an "Energy-Time" uncertainty relation of the form:

$$\Delta \Lambda \sim \frac{1}{\Delta \mathcal{V}}$$
 (3)

From "Poison Sprinkling" in Causal Set Theory, we expect

$$\Delta \mathcal{V} \sim \sqrt{\mathcal{V}} \sim H^{-2} \tag{4}$$

where we identify  $\mathcal{V}$  with the four-volume of the past light-cone.

This is exactly what is needed!

## How to Implement?

Causal set dynamics is incomplete. (Here we have discussed things at the level of kinematics.) We will implement a fluctuating cosmological term phenomenologically.

- ullet Discretize "Time"  ${\cal V}$ , the four-volume of the backward light-cone.
- Evolve the scale factor and matter energy densities according to the Friedmann equation and first law.
- Evolve Λ stochastically.

#### Details:

 $\Lambda$  update equation:

$$\Lambda_{i+1} = \Lambda_i + \frac{\alpha}{\mathcal{V}_i} \xi_i \sqrt{d\mathcal{V}} \tag{5}$$

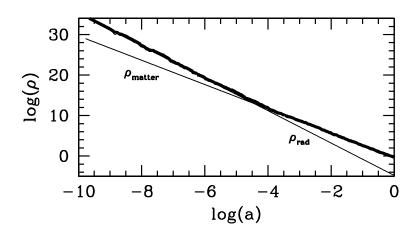
where the  $\xi_i$  are Gaussian random variables with zero mean and unit variance.

Four-volume:

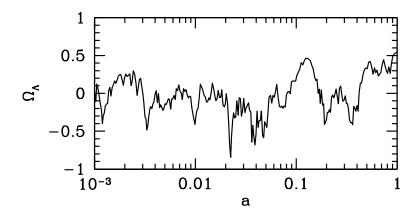
$$V(t) = \frac{4}{3}\pi \int_0^t dt' a^3(t') \left[ \int_{t'}^t \frac{dt''}{a(t'')} \right]^3$$
 (6)

Technical note: much simpler in conformal time. There exists a simple 4-th order equation for  $V(\eta)$ .

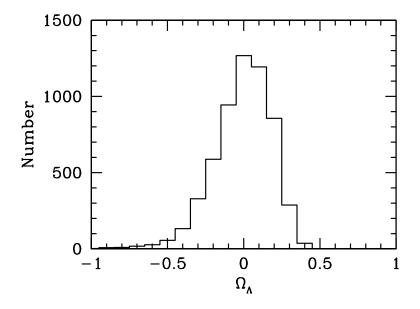
## It Can Work!



- $\bullet$   $\Omega_{\Lambda}$  tracks the dominant contribution.
- $\Omega_{\Lambda}$  can be small (or negative) during BBN.
- $\Omega_{\Lambda}$  can be significant today.



# Histogram of $\Omega_{\Lambda}$ for 6000 runs



 $\alpha = 0.01$ 

#### Conclusion

Sorkin's Conjecture seems to be viable, at least with this implementation.

but still some (many) issues:

- How probable is a successful cosmology?
  Can we survive CMB and LSS constraints?
- How do we deal with  $\rho_{tot} \rightarrow 0$ ? Collapse? Tunneling?
- What about inflation? Homogeneity?
- Why is  $\langle \Lambda \rangle = 0$ ? Still have the C.C. problem.